

Ultracur3D® EL 150

User Guideline



Note: Packaging shown is a mock-up; actual design may vary as updates are underway.

Introduction

The following user guideline is for professionals who use: Ultracur3D® EL 150.

The safety data given in this publication is for information purposes only and does not constitute a legally binding Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). The relevant MSDS can be obtained upon request from your supplier or you may contact Forward AM directly at sales@forward-am.com.

For more information, please refer to the country specific MSDS for advice.

Are you looking for an updated User Guideline version? [Check out the latest online version here.](#)

Storage conditions and disposal considerations

Keep container tightly closed in a room temperature, well-ventilated place. Keep container dry. If material is not being used, fill it back through a filter in the corresponding material bottle. The filter prevents cured pieces or failed prints from going back into the bottle. Ultracur3D® EL 150 must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For more information, please refer to the country specific MSDS for advice.

Intended use

Ultracur3D® EL 150 is a technical material based on (meth-)acrylate resin for suggested LCD and DLP systems. Working wavelength: 385 nm or 405 nm. Below, you can find some suggested 3D printers and printing parameters. For more information contact Forward AM directly at sales@forward-am.com.

Examples of suitable 3D-Printers and settings

| | Wavelength | Power | Curing time | Voxel depth |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| MiiCraft Ultra 125 | 405 nm | 6 mW / cm ² | 1.75 s | 50 µm |
| Rapidshape i30+® | 385 nm | 2 mW / cm ² | 5 s | 100 µm |
| Stratasys Origin One | 385 nm | 5 mW / cm ² | 1.1 s | 50 µm |

If you cannot find your printer in the table or using the [3D Printing and Post Processing Settings Navigator](#) you can use the values below as starting parameters. These are only approximations, different 3D printers may require different curing times and further optimization, but these values should be a good starting point.

The given values are all for printing at a layer thickness / voxel depth of 100 µm. If you need starting parameters for a different layer thickness, please contact us.

405 nm Wavelength 3D Printer

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Power* | 5 mW / cm ² | 4 mW / cm ² | 3 mW / cm ² | 2 mW / cm ² |
| Suggested curing time | 1.6 s | 2 s | 2.7 s | 4 s |

385 nm Wavelength 3D Printer

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Power* | 5 mW / cm ² | 4 mW / cm ² | 3 mW / cm ² | 2 mW / cm ² |
| Suggested curing time | 1.6 s | 2 s | 2.7 s | 4 s |

* Power measured directly on the glass

Printing process

The material should be processed at room temperature. Before usage, the material should be shaken well. Pour it slowly into the vat and wait a couple of minutes, until a smooth, bubble-free surface is obtained before starting the print job.

The 3D printer examples and settings stated above are only for general guidance. The fully optimized settings should always be determined by the users themselves, according to their specific needs. Please always refer to the user manual of the employed 3D printer for instructions on printer settings and handling.

Remove the parts carefully from the build platform with a suitable tool, for more information, refer to the user manual of the used 3D printer.

Cleaning and post curing process

Most flexible photopolymer materials are very sensitive to chemical changes in the green state. To obtain the highest consistency in final part performance, especially for lattices, we recommend to keep the post-processing procedure as constant as possible. This includes the washing and drying methods and time, but also the time kept between printing, washing, drying and UV post-curing steps. In addition, to achieve the mechanical properties listed in our TDS, it is best to stay as close as possible to the exact post-processing methods listed in this User Guideline.

For Ultracur3D® EL 150 we recommend to use a combination of a Glycol Ether based solvent like Ultracur3D® Cleaner and 2-propanol. We do not recommend to use only 2-propanol as this usually leads to insufficient cleaning. Please refer to the following cleaning procedure.

Cleaning with Ultracur3D® Cleaner and 2-propanol (IPA)

- Step 1: Place the parts in a container filled with Ultracur3D® Cleaner and place this container in an Ultrasonic bath filled with water for 5 minutes. The cleaning time can vary depending on the complexity of the printed geometry.
- Step 2: Rinse the parts with 2-propanol for a few seconds. Fine structures or holes may be better cleaned by using 2-propanol and a syringe or by separate brushing. Next, place the parts in a container filled with 2-propanol and place this container in an Ultrasonic bath filled with water for 5 minutes.
- Step 3: Blow dry the parts with pressurized air or nitrogen, until the parts are clean.
- **Remark:** whichever cleaning method is applied, keep the exposure to the cleaning solvent as short as possible, maximum 10 minutes in total (= 2x5 min). Longer cleaning can lead to inconsistent material properties.
- Step 4 - option 1: Place the parts into a warming cabinet at 40°C (104°F) for 30 minutes.
- **IMPORTANT:** do not dry for longer than 30 minutes at 40°C(104°F), as longer drying may affect the final material properties.
- Step 4 - option 2: Dry the parts at room temperature for 1h. At room temperature, the material is not as sensitive as at 40°C (104°F). Drying up to 24h is possible without affecting the final material properties.

Example of post curing procedures

Ultracur3D® EL 150 parts require adequate post-curing to achieve the optimal mechanical properties. After each post-curing cycle, the parts need to be flipped to achieve an even curing. After post-curing, remove any support structures and smoothen the surface if required.

In addition to regular UV post-curing, a **thermal post-curing** of at least 4 hours at 80°C (176°F) in a regular oven is required to make sure the material is fully cured.

If this option is not available, a valid alternative is to perform the UV post curing in **nitrogen or under water**. In this case, no thermal post-curing is required.

| | UV lamp | Power in mW / cm ² | Duration of post-curing | Notes |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|
| Dymax ECE 2000 flood | Hg Metal Halide Bulb (broad spectrum) | Ca. 140 mW / cm ² at 405 nm | 2 x 900 seconds | Shelf height K |
| OtoFlash G 171 | Flash-bulbs (broad spectrum) | Ca. 3.5 mW / cm ² at 405 nm | 2 x 9000 flashes | With Nitrogen |
| Zortrax Curing Station | 405 nm LED | Ca. 35 mW / cm ² at 405 nm | 2 x 31 minutes | |

These proceedings are only general guidelines. In the end, the user has to determine the optimum post-curing procedure based on their specific requirements and the equipment used.

Frequently asked questions and other tips and tricks

1. I have issues printing Ultracur3D® EL 150.

- Ultracur3D® EL 150 is a softer material. In general it's recommended to print slowly and increase the Z lift distance and/or rest time in the parameter setting to give the material some time to flow.
- It is recommended to slightly overcure this material rather than undercure to ensure a connection of the layers.

2. Ultracur3D® EL 150 is difficult to clean, what should I do?

- Make sure to follow the User Guideline for properly cleaning Ultracur3D® EL 150. Using only 2-propanol (IPA) might not be enough to get your parts clean. Do not exceed the cleaning time of 10 minutes total.
- A small brush or syringe can help cleaning fine structures.

3. Ultracur3D® EL 150 is still sticky after post-curing.

- Do not extremely overcure your parts during the printing process.
- Make sure to follow the User Guideline for properly cleaning and post-curing.
- Pre-dry your parts as much as possible with an air/nitrogen gun and dry them in an oven.
- A post-curing unit with Nitrogen can help reducing the stickiness.

4. My part shows sweating, what should I do?

- To avoid part sweating for Ultracur3D® EL 150, it is crucial to follow the exact post curing steps as they are described in this guideline, including thermal post cure or UV post cure in nitrogen / under water.

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